

# TXS0102-Q1 2-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Translator for Open-Drain and Push-Pull Applications

#### 1 Features

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified With the Following Results:
  - Device Temperature Grade 1: –40°C to +125°C **Ambient Operating Temperature Range**
  - Device HBM ESD Classification Level 2
  - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C5
- ESD Protection per JESD 22
  - A Port
    - 2500V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
    - 750V Charged-Device Model (C101)
  - B Port
    - 8kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
    - 750V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- No Direction-Control Signal Required
- Maximum Data Rates
  - 24Mbps Maximum (Push Pull)
  - 2Mbps (Open Drain)
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree™ Package
- 1.65V to 3.6V on A port and 2.3V to 5.5V on B port  $(V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB})$
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required—V<sub>CCA</sub> or V<sub>CCB</sub> can be Ramped First

## 2 Applications

- **Automotive Infotainment**
- Advance Driver-Assistance Systems (ADAS)
- Isolates and Level-Translates Between Main **Processor and Peripheral Modules**
- I<sup>2</sup>C or 1-Wire Voltage-Level Translation

## 3 Description

The TXS0102-Q1 device connects an incompatible logic communication from chip-to-chip due to voltage mismatch. This auto-direction translator can be conveniently used to bridge the gap without the need of direction control from the host. Each channel can be mixed and matched with different output types (open-drain or push-pull) and mixed data flows (transmit or receive) without intervention from the host. This 2-bit noninverting translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A and B ports are designed to track  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ respectively. The V<sub>CCB</sub> pin accepts any supply voltage from 2.3V to 5.5V while the  $V_{\text{CCA}}$  pin accepts any supply voltage from 1.65V to 3.6V such that V<sub>CCA</sub> is less than or equal to V<sub>CCB</sub>. This tracking allows for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5V voltage nodes.

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state.

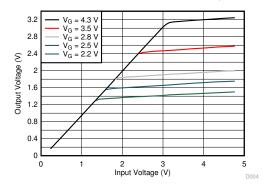
The TXS0102-Q1 device is designed so that the OE input circuit is supplied by V<sub>CCA</sub>.

To put the device in the high-impedance state during power up or power down, the OE pin must be tied to the GND pin through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

#### **Package Information**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACAKGE SIZE(2)
TXS0102-Q1	DCU (VSSOP, 8)	2mm × 3.1mm

- For more information, see Section 12.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.



Transfer Characteristics of an N-Channel Transistor



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# 4 Pin Configuration and Functions

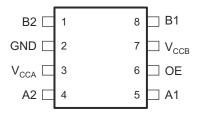


Figure 4-1. DCU Package 8-Pin VSSOP Top View

**Table 4-1. Pin Functions** 

Р	IN	I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
A1	5	I/O	Input-output 1 for the A port. This pin is referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
A2	4	I/O	Input-output 2 for the A port. This pin is referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
B1	8	I/O	Input-output 1 for the B port. This pin is referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
B2	1	I/O	Input-output 2 for the B port. This pin is referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
GND	2	_	Ground
OE	6	I	Tri-state output-mode enable. Pull the OE pin low to place all outputs in tri-state mode. This pin is referenced to $V_{\text{CCA}}$ .
V <sub>CCA</sub>	3	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.65V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6V and V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> .
V <sub>CCB</sub>	7	_	B-port supply voltage. $2.3V \le V_{CCB} \le 5.5V$ .

# **5 Specifications**

#### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage A		-0.5	4.6	V
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage B		-0.5	6.5	V
.,	Innut Valtaga(2)	A Port	-0.5	4.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	B Port	-0.5	6.5	V
.,	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off	A Port	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	state <sup>(2)</sup>	B Port	-0.5	6.5	V
.,	Valda are applied to a recognitive that high an law state (2) (3)	A Port	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	V
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	B Port	-0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current	•		±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±100	mA
Tj	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Section 5.1 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Section 5.3 Exposure beyond the limits listed in Section 5.3 may affect device reliability.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5V maximum if the output current rating is observed.



#### 5.2 ESD Ratings

				VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002	A Port	±2500	
, Electrostatic	Human body moder (HBM), per AEC Q100-002	B Port	±8000	\	
$V_{(ESD)}$	discharge	Charged device model (CDM) per AEC 0100 011	A Port	±750	v
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	B Port	±750	

## **5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3) (4)

			V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	MAX	UNI T	
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage A				1.65	3.6	V	
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage B				2.3	5.5	V	
		A-port I/O's	1.65V to 1.95V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>CCA</sub>		
.,	Lligh lovel input veltage		2.3V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 0.4	$V_{CCA}$	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	B-port I/O's	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCB</sub> - 0.4	V <sub>CCB</sub>		
		OE Input	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> x 0.65	3.6 5.5 V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub> 5.5 0.15 0.15 V <sub>CCA</sub> x 0.35 10		
		A-port I/O's	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	0	0.15		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	B-port I/O's	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	0	0.15	V	
I VIL	Zow lovel input voltage	OE Input	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	0			
		A-port I/O's	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V		10	ns/V	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise and fall time	B-port I/O's	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V		10	ns/V	
		OE Input	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V		10	ns/V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	•			-40	125	°C	

 $V_{\text{CCI}}$  is the  $V_{\text{CC}}$  associated with the input port.

#### **5.4 Thermal Information**

		TXS0102-Q1	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DCU	UNIT
		8 PINS	_
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	239.8	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	88.5	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	151.6	°C/W
Y <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	30.9	°C/W
Y <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	150.5	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(bottom)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application note.

Product Folder Links: TXS0102-Q1

V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port. (2)

 <sup>(3)</sup> V<sub>CCA</sub> must be less than or equal to V<sub>CCB</sub>, and V<sub>CCA</sub> must not exceed 3.6V.
 (4) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application note, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs.



## **5.5 Electrical Characteristics**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2) (3)

						ting free erature (1		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>		C to 125°		UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{OHA}$	Port A output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20uA$ $V_{IB} \ge V_{CCB} - 0.4V$	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> x 0.67			
$V_{OLA}$	Port A output low voltage	$\begin{vmatrix} I_{OL} = 1mA \\ V_{IB} \le 0.15V \end{vmatrix}$	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V			0.4	V
$V_{OHB}$	Port B output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20uA$ $V_{IB} \ge V_{CCB} - 0.4V$	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V <sub>CCB</sub> x 0.67			V
$V_{OLB}$	Port B output low voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA V <sub>IB</sub> ≤ 0.15V	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V		'	0.4	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input leakage current	OE V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V			±2	
	Partial power down current	A port	0V	0V to 5.5V			±2	μΑ
I <sub>off</sub>	Partial power down current	B port	0V to 3.6V	0V			±2	
l <sub>oz</sub>	Tri-state output current	A or B Port: $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND OE = GND	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	-2		2	μΑ
I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.65V to V <sub>CCB</sub>	2.3V to 5.5V			5	μA
I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	3.6V	0V			2.2	μA
I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	0V	5.5V	-2			μΑ
I <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.65V to V <sub>CCB</sub>	2.3V to 5.5V			21	μΑ
I <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	3.6V	0V	-1			μΑ
I <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	0V	5.5V			3.5	μΑ
I <sub>CCA</sub> + I <sub>CCB</sub>	Combined supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.65V to V <sub>CCB</sub>	2.3V to 5.5V			25	μΑ
C <sub>i</sub>	Input Capacitance	OE	3.3V	3.3V		-	3.5	
C <sub>io</sub>	Input-to-output internal capacitance	A or B port	3.3V	3.3V		10		pF
C <sub>io</sub>	Input-to-output internal capacitance	A port	3.3V	3.3V		6.5		ηE
C <sub>io</sub>	Input-to-output internal capacitance	B port	3.3V	3.3V		7.5		pF

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(1)} & V_{CCI} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the input port} \\ \hbox{(2)} & V_{CCA} \text{ must be less than or equal to } V_{CCB}, \text{ and } V_{CCA} \text{ must not exceed 3.6V.} \\ \hbox{(3)} & V_{CCO} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the output port} \\ \end{array}$ 



# 5.6 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

								B-Po	rt Sup	ply Vo	Itage (	V <sub>CCB</sub> )													
ı	PARAMETER	FROM	то	Test Co	onditions	2	.5 ± 0.2	2V	3	.3 ± 0.3	3V	5.	.0 ± 0.5	5V	UNIT										
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX											
	Propagation	A	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			5.3			5.4			6.8											
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Delay (Hight-to- Low)	А	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			8.8	9.6				10												
	Propagation	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			6.8		7.1				7.5											
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Delay (Low-to- High)	А	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C		50 40		33																
	Propagation	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			4.4			4.5			4.7											
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Delay (Hight-to- Low)	В	А	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	5.3		5.3		3 4.4				4											
	Propagation	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C		5.3		4.5		0.5														
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Delay (Low-to- High)	В	А	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			36			26			20											
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C			200			250	275		ns											
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C			200			200			200											
+ .	Ouput Rise Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			9.5			9.3			7.6											
t <sub>rA</sub>	Ouput Nise Time	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	38		165	30		132	22		95											
+ _	Ouput Rise Time	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C		10.8		10.8		10.8		10.8		10.8		10.8				9.1			7.6	
t <sub>rB</sub>	Ouput Rise Time	A	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	34	,	145	23		106	10		58											
	Output Fall Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			5.9			6			13.3											
t <sub>fA</sub>	Output Fall Tille	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			6.9			6.4		6.1												
	Output Fall Time	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			13.8			16.2		16.2												
t <sub>fB</sub>	Output Faii Time	Α	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			13.8			16.2			16.2											



# 5.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$

								B-Po	rt Sup	ply Vo	Itage (	V <sub>CCB</sub> )				
ı	PARAMETER	FROM	то	Test Co	onditions	2.	5 ± 0.2	2V	3	.3 ± 0.3	3V	5.	.0 ± 0.5	5V	UNIT	
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
	Propagation	A	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			3.2			3.7			3.8		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Delay (Hight-to- Low)	А	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	6.3		6.3				6			5.8	
	Propagation	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			3.5		4.1				4.4		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Delay (Low-to- High)	А	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			3.5	4.1				4.4			
	Propagation	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			3			3.6	4.3				
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Delay (Hight-to- Low)	В	А	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	4.7		4.7			4.2	4				
	Propagation	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			2.5			1.6		1			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Delay (Low-to- High)	В	А	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			2.5			1.6			1		
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C	200		200		200 200			25		ns	
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C			200			200			200		
+ .	Ouput Rise Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			7.4			6.6			5.6		
t <sub>rA</sub>	Ouput Nise Time	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	34		149	28		121	24		89		
+ _	Ouput Rise Time	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			8.3			7.2			6.1		
t <sub>rB</sub>	Ouput Rise Time	A	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	35	,	151	24		112	12		64		
	Output Fall Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			5.7			5.5			5.3		
t <sub>fA</sub>	Output Fall Tillle	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			6.9			6.2		5.8			
	Output Fall Time	Α	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			7.8			6.7	6.6				
t <sub>fB</sub>	Output I all Tillle	Α	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			8.8			9.4			10.4		



# 5.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

						B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )																																						
	PARAMETER	FROM	то	Test 0	Conditions	3	.3 ± 0.3	V	5	.0 ± 0.5	٧	UNIT																																
							TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX																																	
	Propagation Delay	А	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			2.4			3.1																																	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	(Hight-to-Low)	Α	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			4.2	5.0 ± 0.5V  MIN TYP MAX  3.4  4.4  4.4  3.3  2.6  250  24.8  19 85  7.4	4.6																																		
	Propagation Delay	А	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C	4.2				4.2			4.4																															
t <sub>PLH</sub>	(Low-to-High)	Α	В	Open-Drain -40°C to 125°C			4.2		,	4.4																																		
	Propagation Delay	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			2.5	3.3																																			
t <sub>PHL</sub>	(Hight-to-Low)	В	Α	Open-Drain -40°C to 125°C 2.5	2.5			3.3																																				
	Propagation Delay	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			2.5		2.6																																		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	(Low-to-High)	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			2.5		2.5 2.6		2.																																
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C			200		,	250	200																																
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable Time	OE	A or B		-40°C to 125°C			200			200	ns																																
	Ouput Rise Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			5.6			4.8																																	
t <sub>rA</sub>	Ouput Rise Time	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	25		116	19		85																																	
	Ouput Rise Time	А	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			6.4			7.4																																	
t <sub>rB</sub>	Ouput Rise Time	Α	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C	26		116	14	14 72																																		
	Output Fall Time	В	Α	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		5		
t <sub>fA</sub>	Output Fall Time	В	Α	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C		6.1				5.7																																	
	Output Fall Time	А	В	Push-Pull	-40°C to 125°C			7.4	1		7.6																																	
t <sub>fB</sub>	Output Fall Time	Α	В	Open-Drain	-40°C to 125°C			7.6			8.3																																	

# 5.9 Switching Characteristics: $T_{sk}$ , $T_{MAX}$ over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED			.,		Opera tempe			
PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	-40°0	5°C	UNIT	
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
			1.8 ± 0.15V	2.5V ± 0.2V			21	
			1.8 ± 0.15V	3.3V ± 0.3V			22	
			1.8 ± 0.15V	5V ± 0.5V			24	
		Duck Dull Debries	2.5V ± 0.2V	2.5V ± 0.2V			20	
		Push-Pull Driving	2.5V ± 0.2V	3.3V ± 0.3V			22	
			2.5V ± 0.2V	5V ± 0.5V	24			
			3.3V ± 0.3V	3.3V ± 0.3V			23	
	50% Duty Cycle		3.3V ± 0.3V	5V ± 0.5V			24	
T <sub>MAX</sub> - Maximum Data Rate	Input One channel		1.8 ± 0.15V	1.8 ± 0.15V			2	Mbps
Data Nate	switching		1.8 ± 0.15V	2.5V ± 0.2V			2	
			1.8 ± 0.15V	3.3V ± 0.3V			2	
			1.8 ± 0.15V	5V ± 0.5V			2	
		Open-Drain Driving	2.5V ± 0.2V	2.5V ± 0.2V			2	
		Dilving	2.5V ± 0.2V	3.3V ± 0.3V			2	
			2.5V ± 0.2V	5V ± 0.5V			2	
			3.3V ± 0.3V	3.3V ± 0.3V			2	
			3.3V ± 0.3V	5V ± 0.5V			2	

Product Folder Links: TXS0102-Q1



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )  -40°C to 125°C				
					MIN				
	Pulse Duration, Data Inputs	Push-Pull Driving	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	20				
t <sub>w</sub>		Open-Drain Driving	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	500			ns	
	Skew between any	Push-Pull Driving	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V			1		
t <sub>sk</sub> - Output skew	two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction	Open-Drain Driving	1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V			1	ns	

# 5.10 Operating Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.5V$ to 3.3V, $V_{CCB} = 1.5V$ to 3.3V

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C^{(1)}$ 

			Supply Voltage (V	ess otherwise			
PARAMETER		Test Conditions	1.8 ± 0.15V	2.5 ± 0.2V	UNIT		
			TYP	TYP TYP TYP			
A-port input, B-port output to B: outputs enabled			4.1	4.2	4.7		
C <sub>pdB</sub> (3)  A-p out B-p	B-port input, A-port output to B: outputs enabled	A Port CL = 0, RL = Open	9.0	7.3	7.8	nE	
	A-port input, B-port output to B: outputs enabled	f = 10MHz $t_{rise} = t_{fall} = 1ns$	11.0	9.9	9.2	pF	
	B-port input, A-port output to B: outputs enabled		5.6	7.1	7.4		
C (2)	A-port input, B-port output to B: outputs disabled		0.1	0.1	0.1		
C <sub>pdA</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	B-port input, A-port output to B: outputs disabled	B Port CL = 0, RL = Open	0.1	0.1	0.1	nE	
	A-port input, B-port output to B: outputs disabled	f = 10MHz t <sub>rise</sub> = t <sub>fall</sub> = 1ns	0.2	0.2	0.2	pF	
C <sub>pdB</sub> (3)	B-port input, A-port output to B: outputs disabled		0.2	0.2	0.18		

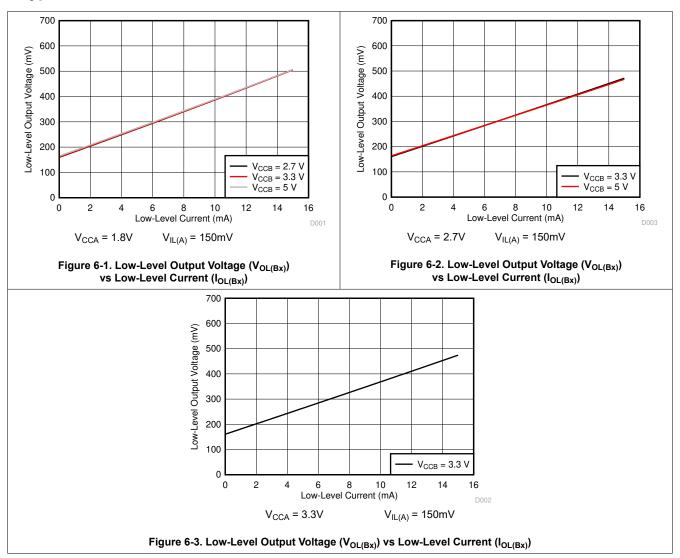
<sup>(1)</sup> For additional information about how power dissipation capacitance affects power consumption, see the CMOS Power Consumption and C<sub>pd</sub> Calculation application note

<sup>(2)</sup> A-Port power dissipation capacitance per transceiver

<sup>(3)</sup> B-Port power dissipation capacitance per transceiver



# **6 Typical Characteristics**



# 7 Parameter Measurement Information

#### 7.1 Load Circuits

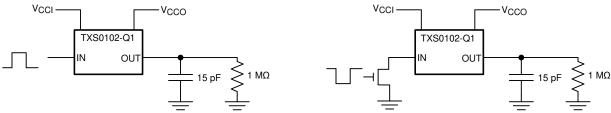
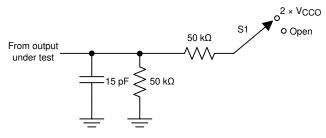


Figure 7-1. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using a Push-Pull Driver

Figure 7-2. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Measurement Using an Open-Drain Driver



TEST	S1
t <sub>PZL</sub> / t <sub>PLZ</sub> (t <sub>dis</sub> )	2 × V <sub>CCO</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> / t <sub>PZH</sub> (t <sub>en</sub> )	Open

Figure 7-3. Load Circuit for Enable-Time and Disable-Time Measurement

- 1.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- 2.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
- 3.  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
- 4. V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.



## 7.2 Voltage Waveforms

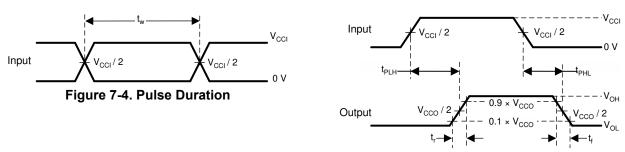


Figure 7-5. Propagation Delay Times

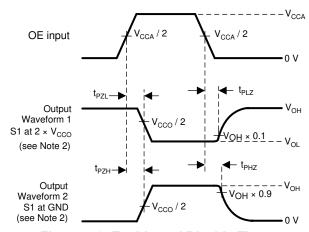


Figure 7-6. Enable and Disable Times

- 1. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- 2. Waveform 1 in Figure 7-6 is for an output with internal such that the output is high, except when OE is high (see Figure 7-3). Waveform 2 in Figure 7-6 is for an output with conditions such that the output is low, except when OE is high.
- 3. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10MHz,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \geq 1V/ns$ .
- 4. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- 5.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- 6.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
- 7.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- 8.  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
- 9.  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

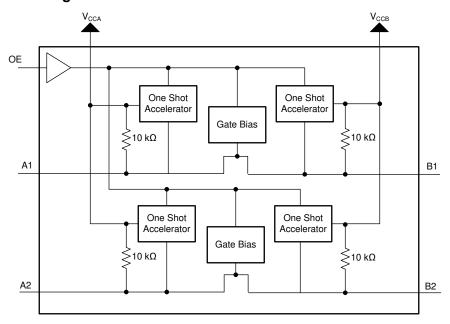


# 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The TXS0102-Q1 device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65V to 3.6V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3V to 5.5V. The device is a pass gate architecture with edge rate accelerators (one shots) to improve the overall data rate.  $10k\Omega$  pullup resistors, commonly used in open drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

## 8.2 Functional Block Diagram





#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Architecture

The TXS0102-Q1 architecture (see Figure 8-1) does not require a direction-control signal in order to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A.

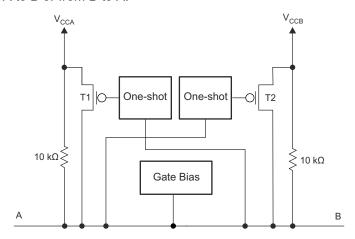


Figure 8-1. Architecture of a TXS01xx Cell

Each A-port I/O has an internal  $10k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCA}$ , and each B-port I/O has an internal  $10k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCB}$ . The output one-shots detect rising edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one-shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) for a short duration which speeds up the low-to-high transition.

#### 8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

The fall time ( $t_{fA}$ ,  $t_{fB}$ ) of a signal depends on the output impedance of the external device driving the data I/Os of the TXS0102-Q1 device. Similarly, the  $t_{PHL}$  and maximum data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for  $t_{fA}$ ,  $t_{fB}$ ,  $t_{PHL}$ , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than  $50\Omega$ .

#### 8.3.3 Power Up

During operation, assure that  $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$  at all times. During power-up sequencing,  $V_{CCA} \ge V_{CCB}$  does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first.

#### 8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TXS0102-Q1 device has an OE input that disables the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance state. The disable time ( $t_{dis}$ ) indicates the delay between the time when the OE pin goes low and when the outputs actually enter the high-impedance state. The enable time ( $t_{en}$ ) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after the OE pin is taken high.

#### 8.3.5 Pullup and Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal  $10k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCA}$ , and each B-port I/O has an internal  $10k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCB}$ . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to  $V_{CCB}$  (in parallel with the internal  $10k\Omega$  resistors).

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TXS0102-Q1 device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high will enable the device.

Product Folder Links: TXS0102-Q1

# 9 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

## 9.1 Application Information

The TXS0102-Q1 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The TXS0102-Q1 device is ideal for use in applications where an open-drain driver is connected to the data I/Os.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

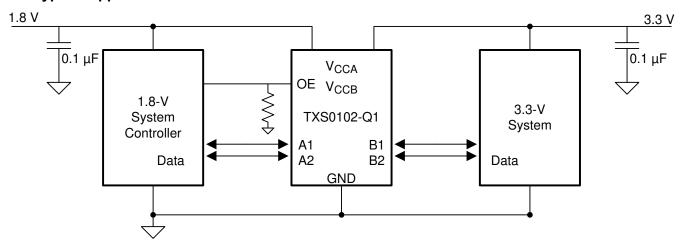


Figure 9-1. Application Schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 9-1.

**Table 9-1. Design Parameters** 

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.65 to 3.6V
Output voltage range	2.3 to 5.5V

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- · Input voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXS0102-Q1 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V<sub>IH</sub> of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V<sub>IL</sub> of the input port.
- Output voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXS0102-Q1 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.
  - The TXS0102-Q1 device has 10kΩ internal pullup resistors. External pullup resistors can be added to reduce the total RC of a signal trace if necessary.

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An external pull down resistor decreases the output V<sub>OH</sub> and V<sub>OL</sub>. Use Equation 1 to calculate the V<sub>OH</sub> as a result of an external pull down resistor.

$$V_{OH} = V_{CCx} \times R_{PD} / (R_{PD} + 10kq) \tag{1}$$

#### where

- $V_{CCx}$  is the supply voltage on either  $V_{CCA}$  or  $V_{CCB}$
- R<sub>PD</sub> is the value of the external pull down resistor

#### 9.2.3 Application Curve

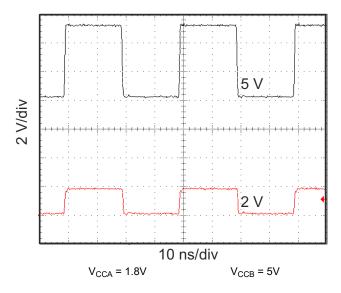


Figure 9-2. Level-Translation of a 2.5MHz Signal

#### 9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TXS0102-Q1 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub>. V<sub>CCB</sub> accepts any supply voltage from 2.3V to 5.5V and V<sub>CCA</sub> accepts any supply voltage from 1.65V to 3.6V as long as V<sub>CCA</sub> is less than or equal to V<sub>CCB</sub>. The A port and B port are designed to track V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub> respectively allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5V voltage nodes.

The TXS0102-Q1 device does not require power sequencing between V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub> during power-up so the power-supply rails can be ramped in any order. A V<sub>CCA</sub> value greater than or equal to V<sub>CCB</sub> (V<sub>CCA</sub> ≥ V<sub>CCB</sub>) does not damage the device, but during operation, V<sub>CCA</sub> must be less than or equal to V<sub>CCB</sub> (V<sub>CCA</sub> ≤ V<sub>CCB</sub>) at all

The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V<sub>CCA</sub> and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To assure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub> are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

#### 9.4 Layout

#### 9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

To assure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.

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- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one shot duration, approximately 30ns, assuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.
- To help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on system requirements, place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors.

#### 9.4.2 Layout Example



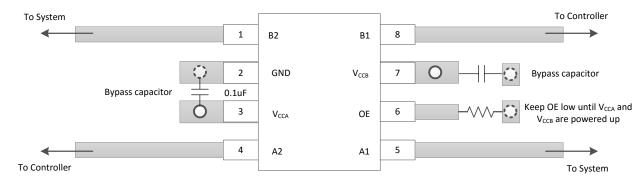


Figure 9-3. TXS0102-Q1 Layout Example



# 10 Device and Documentation Support

## **10.1 Documentation Support**

# 10.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 10.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 10.4 Trademarks

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## 10.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## 10.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 11 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	hanges from Revision A (September 2017) to Revision B (August 2025)	Page
•	Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document	1
•	Updated 4-bit to 2-bit throughout the data sheet	1
•	Updated thermals for all packages	4
•	Updated degradation of ICCA/ ICCB	5
_	hanges from Revision * (May 2014) to Revision A (September 2017)	Page
•	Changed Functional Block Diagram with new figure	13
•		13
•	Changed Functional Block Diagram with new figure	13 17
•	Changed Functional Block Diagram with new figure	13 17 esources

# 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TXS0102-Q1

www.ti.com 6-Nov-2025

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	<b>RoHS</b> (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TXS0102QDCURQ1	Active	Production	VSSOP (DCU)   8	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	(35TT, NG3R)
TXS0102QDCURQ1.A	Active	Production	VSSOP (DCU)   8	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	(35TT, NG3R)
TXS0102QDCURQ1.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DCU)   8	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	(35TT, NG3R)

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXS0102-Q1:

Catalog : TXS0102

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

 $_{\bullet}$  Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXS0102QDCURQ1	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
TXS0102QDCURQ1	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	178.0	9.0	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3

www.ti.com 22-Jun-2025



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXS0102QDCURQ1	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	213.0	191.0	35.0
TXS0102QDCURQ1	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
  4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187 variation CA.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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